Plotting Equations onto a Polar Graph

FILE: Polar3.cln

Introduction

This example demonstrates how the Polar Graph can accept equations fed into it and plot the results. A string object can be used instead, this is easier to enter into a input object.

The Equation

The equations you put into the graph must be functions of x. For example "100*sin(x)" entered as a string object will plot the radii produced by sweeping the angle x, through 0 to 2 Pi radians.

You must select either radians or degrees on the Polar Graph to match the units of the equation. If radians are set, then x is varied from 0 to 2 Pi, if degrees are set then x is varied from 0 to 360 degrees.

The Example

Here the Full Inlet is used to input 3 equations. The equations are entered as strings into an <u>Input Table</u>. To enter a string requires only that you put double quotes around it. For example "A string" produces a string object.



Click on any part you need help on.

This is the <u>Polar Output Graph</u>. It is set to display the angle in Radians, hence the equations are evaluated for x = 0 to 2 Pi Radians.

This is an <u>Input Table</u> object, which inputs a two dimensional array into the sheet. The equations are entered into this table as the string "200*sin(x)" 100*cos(x) and "50". The last equation always evaluates to 50, hence it is the blue circle at radius 50.